

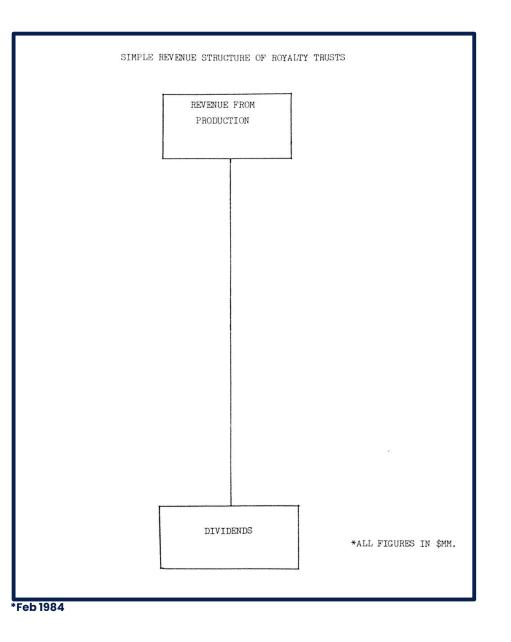
Investor Presentation

May 15, 2024



Forward-Looking Statements

Portions of this presentation may constitute, and our officers and representatives from time to time may make, "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions of the U.S. Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements can be identified by words such as: "anticipate", "intend", "plan", "goal", "seek", "believe", "project", "estimate", "expect", "strategy", "future", "likely", "may", "should", "will," "continue" or similar words, and the absence of such words does not mean that the statements are not forward-looking. Forward-looking statements are neither historical facts nor assurances of future performance. Instead, they are based only on (and these statements may discuss) our current beliefs, expectations and assumptions regarding the future of our business, future plans and strategies, projections of results of operations or of financial condition, anticipated events and trends, the economy and other future conditions. Because forward-looking statements relate to the future, such statements are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those anticipated, estimated or projected. Therefore, you should not rely on any of these forward-looking statements. Examples of such uncertainties and risks include, but are not limited to, changes in the price or demand for oil and natural gas, changes in the operations on or development of the Partnership's properties, changes in economic and industry conditions (including inflation) and changes in regulatory requirements (including changes in environmental requirements and economic sanctions) and the Partnership's consolidated financial position, business strategy and other plans and objectives for future operations. These and other factors are set forth in the Partnership's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Any forward-looking statement made by us in this document is based only on information currently available to us and speaks only as of the date on which it is made. We undertake no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether written or oral, that may be made from time to time, whether as a result of new information, future developments or circumstances, or otherwise.



OUTLINE

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- 02 OBSERVATIONS & TRENDS
- **03 DISTRIBUTIONS**
- 04 **PRODUCTION & RESERVES**
- 05 PROPERTY HIGHLIGHTS
- 06 SUMMARY

DMLP

Dorchester Minerals, LP



Investment Highlights

Assets

- Long-life Resource Base
- Exposure to Multiple Basins
- History of Upward Reserve Revision
- Asset Base Includes Undeveloped, Perpetual Minerals
- Optionality with Unleased Mineral Position

High-Quality Resources with

Demonstrated History of

Organic Growth

Structure

- Formulaic Distribution
- Unlevered and Unhedged
- Depletion Deduction
- Fixed LP/GP Split
- Single Class of LP units
- Non-Taxable Exchanges
- No UBTI

Efficient and Transparent Return of Cash Flow to our Partners

Management



Active Portfolio Management to Enhance Value from Partnership's Assets



Observations & Trends

| Oil and Gas Industry | Consolidation among operators increases capital efficiency and economies of scale Operators focused on returning capital to shareholders → more modest production growth targets Low natural gas prices have limited activity in dry gas basins, but not associated gas Inventory of remaining core drilling locations is a concern in some plays |
|-------------------------|---|
| E Minerals & Royalties | Operator consolidation does not directly benefit mineral owners in the short-term Mineral ownership is still highly fragmented → opportunity for aggregators Competitive environment for acquisitions → private equity, family offices and public peers Hedging strategies support base distributions, but also limit upside exposure Many peers have elected to be taxed as corporations → no K-1, easier access to capital |
| Dorchester Minerals | Organic growth on legacy properties continues to suppress natural declines Opportunistic NPI participation captures upside, but no long-term commitments Pursuing accretive M&A opportunities → three acquisitions closed in 2023, one in QI 2024 Remaining unhedged gives unitholders direct exposure to commodity prices Maintain partnership structure for tax-efficient return of capital to unitholders → no double taxation |



Royalty Peer Comparison



Note: Comparison of DMLP total shareholder return to mineral and royalty pure play peers and West Texas Intermediate (WTI) oil spot price returns. Returns calculated assuming distributions/dividends reinvested on payment date. STR includes history of predecessor.



2023 Calendar Year Distributions

Cumulative LP Distributions⁽¹⁾

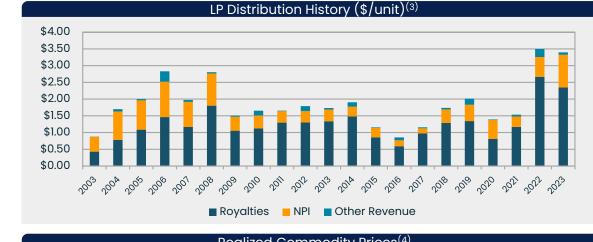
\$1.3 Billion

\$3.40 /unit

Annualized Cash Distribution Yield⁽²⁾

2023 LP Distributions

300





(1) From inception through Q1 2024. (2) Based on LP Distribution for the quarter ended Q1 2024 and the unit closing price on May 10, 2024. (3) The Royalties distribution \$/unit represents royalty revenue receipts, net of ad valorem taxes and general and administrative expenses attributable to the royalty properties. (4) Oil and Gas prices represent realized prices from royalty properties. Oil prices include NGLs. NGLs include all plant products.



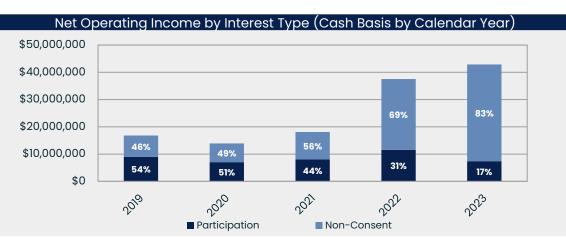
Minerals NPI



Trailing 12 Months NPI Payments \$23.4 Million

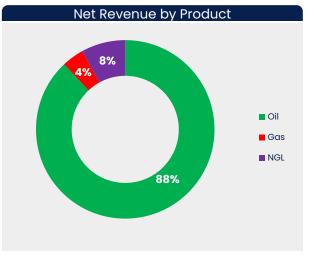






Net Revenue by Basin Re Bakken Permian Fayetteville 00% Op

| | Trailing 12 Months | Trailing 3 Months |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Revenue | \$46.6 MM | \$12.8 MM |
| Expense (LOE, Taxes, etc) | (\$16.3 MM) | (\$4.8 MM) |
| Net Operating Income | \$30.3 MM | \$8.0 MM |
| NPI Payment to DMLP | \$23.4 MM | \$6.7 MM |
| Operating Margin | 65% | 63% |



Note: NPI Payment amounts represent DMLP's 96.97% share of NPI cash basis activity for the Trailing 12 Months ended March 31, 2024. Outstanding Capital Commitments are as of March 31, 2024. Table reflects cash basis activity for the Trailing 12 Months ended March 31, 2024, unless otherwise noted.



Total Production Total Production 2019 – 2023 Oil Production 100,000 +15% 10,000 2019 – 2023 Gas Production +25% 1,000 2019 – 2023 NGL Production 100 +154% 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Gas Rate (Mcfd) Oil Rate (boed) – NGL Rate (boed) Daily Gas Rate (Mcfd) Daily Oil Rate (boed) 25,000 6,000 5,000 20,000 4,000 15,000 3,000 10,000 2,000 5,000 1,000 0 0 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 Barnett Shale 🗧 Fayetteville Shale 🔳 Miscellaneous 🧧 Mid-Continent 👘 S. Texas/Gulf Coast 🔳 Legacy Permian Core Midland Basin Delaware Bakken

Note: Production graphs are limited to "in pay" volumes and exclude divested operations. Volumes attributable to NPI are included regardless of surplus/deficit status and are burdened by lease operating costs and capital expenses.



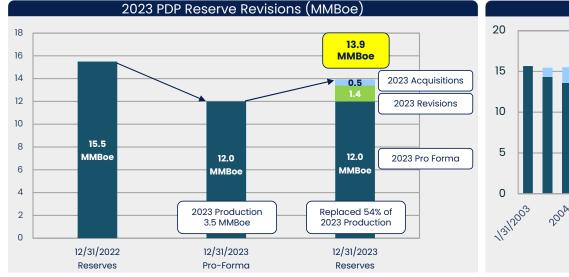
Royalty and NPI Production

| RC | oyalty Production | NPI Production | | |
|---|-------------------|---|--|--|
| Oil volumes sustained by Bakken and Midland Basin | | Increase in oil volumes attributable to Bakken participatio | | |
| development | | Baseline production supported by after-payout WI in | | |
| Gas volumes supported by associated gas in Bakken and | | Midland Basin | | |
| Permian 10,000 | | 100,00 | | |
| 10,000 | | 10,000 | | |
| | | | | |
| 1,000 | | 1,000 | | |

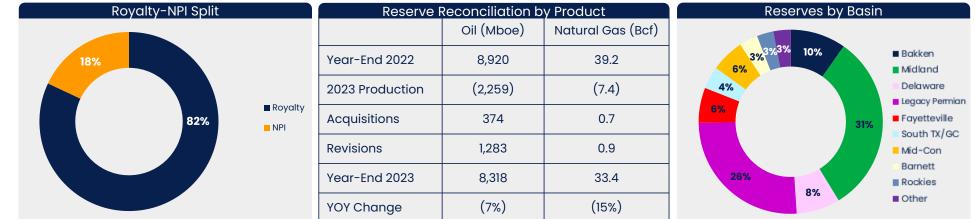
Note: Production graphs are limited to "in pay" volumes and exclude divested operations. Volumes attributable to NPI are included regardless of surplus/deficit status and are burdened by lease operating costs and capital expenses.



2023 Reserves



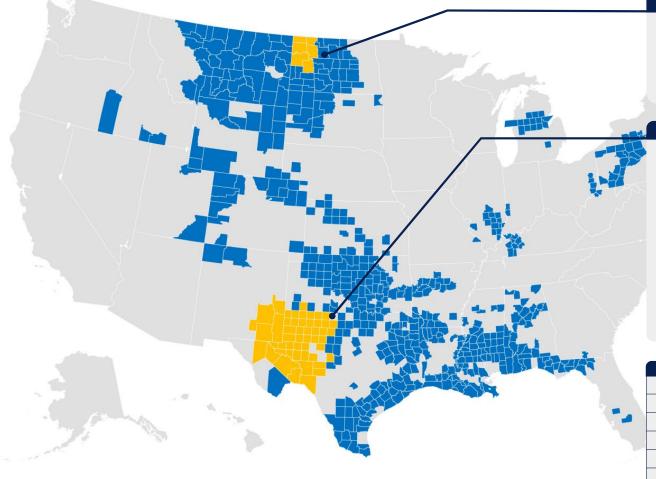




Note: Gas-Oil equivalency of 6:1 is used throughout this presentation. Oil reserves include NGLs as reported in 2023 10-K. Acquisition reserves presented at closing dates. Reserves are comprised of 47% Oil, 13% NGL, & 40% Gas.



Mineral Portfolio Overview



Note: Net Mineral Acre (NMA) counts are limited to mineral interests and exclude ORRIs and NPRIs.

Bakken/Three Forks (ND)

10,200 nma

- · Core area with remaining development potential
- Significant unleased mineral position
- Significant contributor to NPI revenue

Permian (TX & NM)

85,600 nma

- <u>Midland Basin</u> Large acreage spread across basin with mix of high net interests, blocks of contiguous acreage and unleased minerals
- <u>Delaware Basin</u> Ongoing development of prolific units and large net acreage position in highly prospective areas
- <u>Legacy Permian</u> Exposure to long-life, low decline EOR and conventional CBP units

| Mature or Undeveloped Areas | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|---------|-----|--|--|--|
| Non-Bakken Rockies | 171,000 | nma | | | |
| Non-Permian Texas | 77,000 | nma | | | |
| Southeast | 46,000 | nma | | | |
| Mid-Continent | 38,000 | nma | | | |
| Appalachia | 25,000 | nma | | | |
| Other | 7,000 | nma | | | |



Recent Acquisition Activity



- Four mineral and royalty acquisitions closed in the last 12 months.
- 3,700 Net Royalty Acres located in 14 counties in 4 states
- Total of 1.71 million units issued to contributors

DJ Basin (CO)

- 1,485 Net Royalty Acres
- Core Areas: Adams & Weld County

Delaware & Haynesville (TX & NM)

- 900 Net Royalty Acres
- Core Areas: Loving & Reeves County with additional interests in the Haynesville and the Permian

Eagle Ford (TX)

- 1,284 Net Royalty Acres
- Core Areas: Karnes, De Witt, and Gonzales County

DMLP DMLP/Acquisition Acquisition (New)



BURKE

Bakken/Three Forks

0

2019

2020

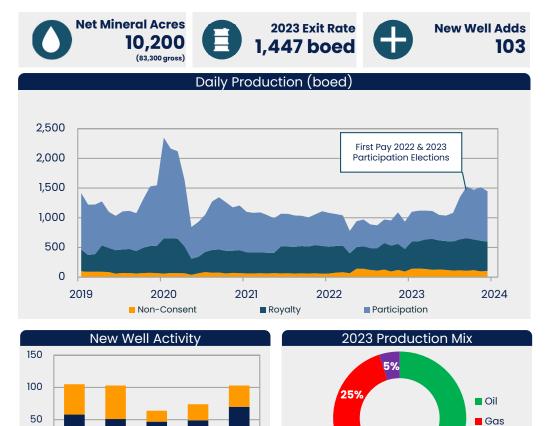
Royalty

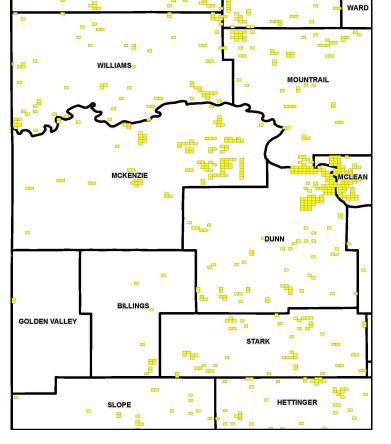
2021

2022

NPI

2023





DIVIDE

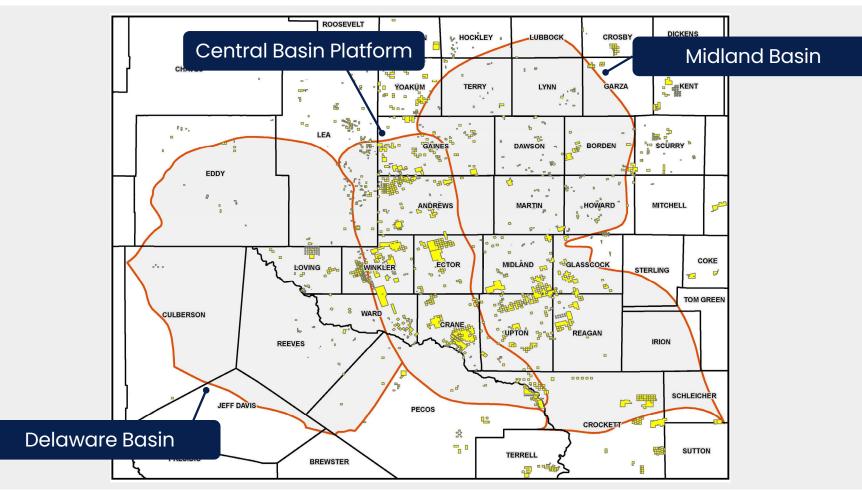
Note: Production graph limited to "in pay" volumes from six core counties including Burke, Divide, Dunn, McKenzie, Mountrail, and Williams. Well count includes both DMLP and DMO newly drilled wells put in pay status but excludes acquired producing wells. Wells with ownership consisting of both a royalty interest and a net profits interest are included in both well counts. Map represents sections where DMLP owns an interest, not specific tracts.

70%

NGL



Permian Basin

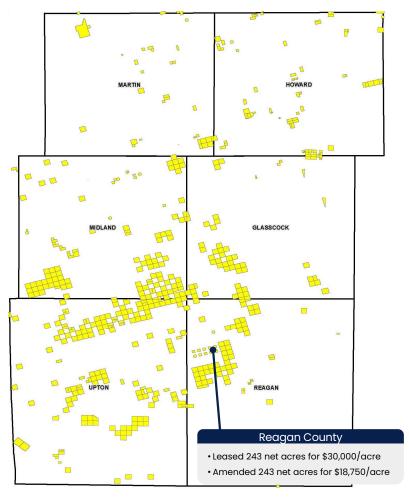




Midland Basin







Note: Production graph limited to "in pay" volumes from six counties on map including Martin, Howard, Midland, Glasscock, Upton, and Regan. Well count includes both DMLP and DMO newly drilled wells put in pay status but excludes acquired producing wells. Wells with ownership consisting of both a royalty interest and a net profits interest are included in both well counts.



Delaware Basin Net Mineral Acres 2023 Exit Rate **New Well Adds** 2,300 494 boed 33 LEA EDDY (31,900 gross) Daily Production (boed) 5 I 800 -600 MNK LOVIN Silvertip Prospect 400 • 28 wells drilled or completed in 2023 16 active permits on acreage 200 0 0 Winkler County Prospect 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 • 7 wells drilled or completed in 2023 Royalty NPI None currently in pay New Well Activity 2023 Production Mix REEVES 50 6% 40 30 Oil 27% 20 Gas 57 10 NGL 67% PECOS 0 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 Royalty NPI

Note: Acreage count reflects all of Loving and Reeves Counties, selected tracts in Lea, Ward, and Winkler Counties. Net acreage includes multiple interest types. Well count includes both DMLP and DMO newly drilled wells put in pay status but excludes acquired producing wells. Wells with ownership consisting of both a royalty interest and a net profits interest are included in both well counts.

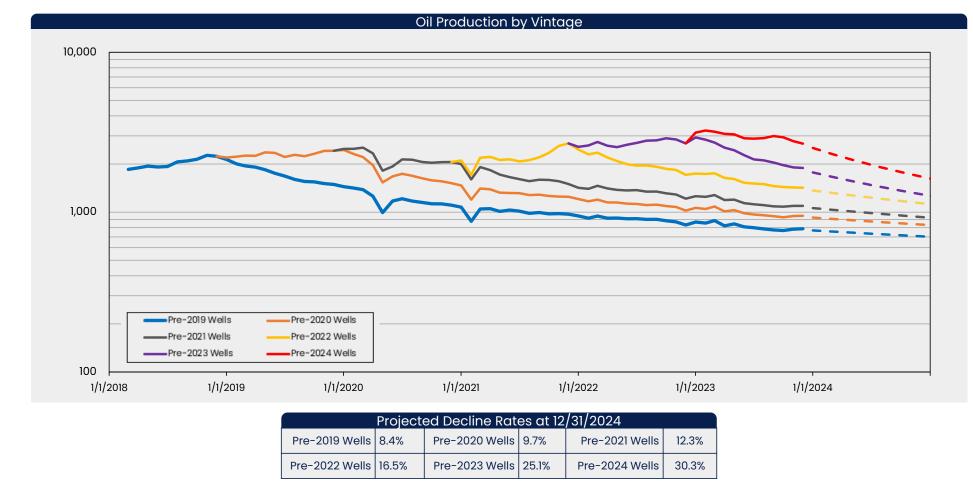








Royalty Oil Production



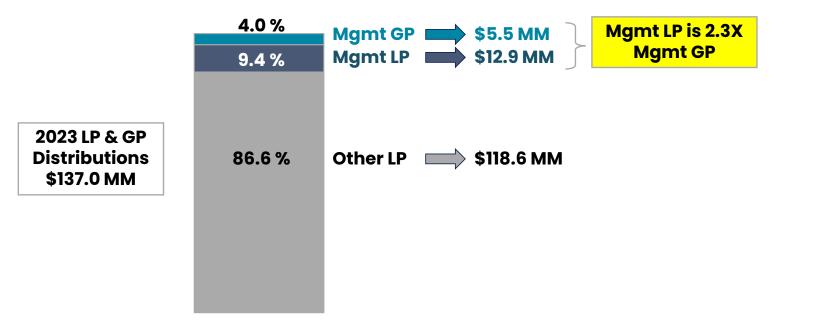
Note: Projections represent internal estimates from aggregate volumes and are not to be used for guidance.



Management Ownership

Alignment of GP and LP Interests

- GP has no incentive distribution rights fixed sharing ratio
- Management's LP interest exceeds its GP interest
- Not incentivized to make dilutive transactions



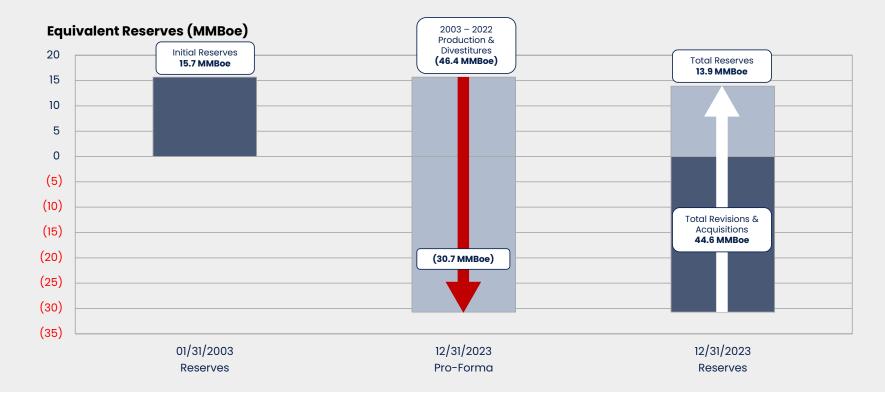
Note: Mgmt LP interest includes LP units owned by officers, managers, and their immediate families. Full-year 2023 calculation based on units owned at 12/31/2023. Total distributions include DMOLP's 3.03% retainment in the Net Profits Interest.



Historical Reserve Revisions

Reserve Revision History

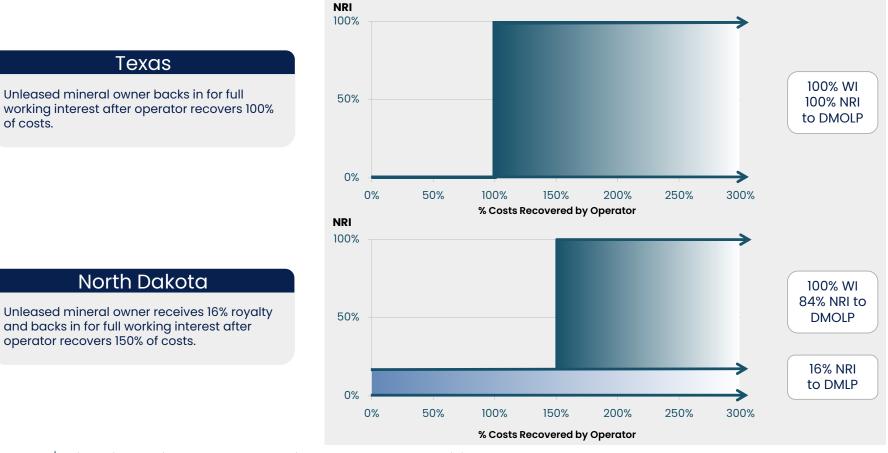
- Cumulative Reserve Revisions have exceeded 100% of Current Reserves
- Production and divestitures have exceeded initial reserves by 30.7 MMBoe





Non-Consent/Non-Participation

Each State has unique laws governing the treatment of unleased mineral owners.



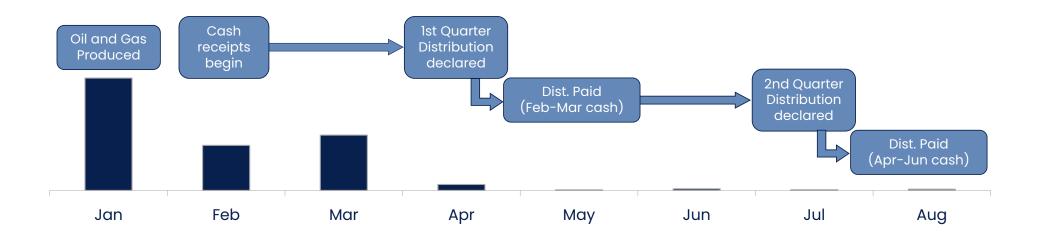
Note: All NRI figures based on 8/8ths interest in hypothetical wells and must be proportionately reduced by DMOs ownership in actual wells



Royalty Cash Receipts

Cash Receipts Timeline

- Cash receipts extend over multiple months due to adjustments, suspense releases, etc.
- · Prices can change dramatically between production and payment of distribution
- Example of a typical cash receipt cycle:



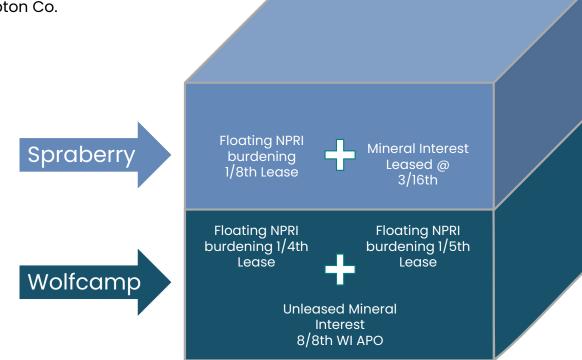
LP distribution of all cash attributable to January production may occur as late as August, a 7-month time lag



Net Royalty Acres?

Complex mineral ownership is not well represented by Net Royalty Acres

- Royalty rates and lease status vary by depth
- Royalty rates vary by contract
- Single section example from Upton Co.





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